



WINDY HARBOUR DRINKING WATER SUPPLY

ANNUAL WATER QUALITY REPORT

2023/24

CONTENTS

1.0	Introduction.....	2
1.1	Water Provider Information	2
1.2	Settlement Information	2
1.3	Drinking Water Quality Management and Commitment	3
1.4	Catchment Details and System Information	4
1.5	Water Quality Parameters.....	6
1.6	Units.....	7
1.7	Performance Summary	7
2.0	Microbial Performance	8
2.1	Microbial – Exception Notifications	8
2.2	Microbiological – Compliance	8
2.3	Microbiological - Performance	8
2.4	Microbial Incident Specific Information.....	8
3.0	Chemical – Health Related Performance	9
3.1	Chemical – Exception Notifications.....	9
3.2	Chemical - Health – Compliance	9
4.0	Chemical – Aesthetic Related Performance.....	12
4.1	Chemical – Aesthetic - Results	12
4.2	Chemical - Aesthetic – Incident Specific Information	13
5.0	Radiological Performance.....	14
6.0	Summary	15

1.0 Introduction

1.1 Water Provider Information

Water Provider Contact Details			
Name of Company	SHIRE OF MANJIMUP		
Company Address	PO BOX 1 MANJIMUP WA 6258		
Company Phone	08 9771 7777	Fax	08 9771 7771
Company Email	info@manjimup.wa.gov.au		
Chief Executive Officer	Mr Ben Rose		
CEO Email	ben.rose@manjimup.wa.gov.au		
Department of Health Liaison Officer	Mr Grayson Hindmarsh		
Department of Health Liaison Officer Email	health@manjimup.wa.gov.au		

1.2 Settlement Information

Windy Harbour is a small coastal settlement in an 'A' Class reserve on the southern coast of Western Australia, located in the D'entrecasteaux National Park 60 kilometres south of Pemberton.

The drinking water supply to the settlement is managed by the Shire of Manjimup. The settlement consists of 240 leases, with further room for expansion up to a maximum of 400 leases. A licensed nature-based caravan park is also located at Windy Harbour and has a maximum capacity of 140 patrons. Water supply to the communal kitchen and toilet amenities servicing the caravan park is drawn from the settlement's reticulated water supply.

The settlement's primary use is a seasonal holiday destination and has a peak period from November to April. There is no permanent population and leaseholder agreements stipulate that lease holders can occupy the lease for a maximum aggregate of 90 days per annum. During peak periods, the settlement supports a population of 2500 which includes both the settlement homes and a nature-based caravan park.

1.3 Drinking Water Quality Management and Commitment

The Shire of Manjimup is committed to the effective management of the water reticulation system and providing safe, high quality drinking water to consumers at Windy Harbour.

The Shire of Manjimup was granted an exemption in 2005 pursuant to the *Water Services Licencing Act 1995* for a licence to provide a water service. This exemption was granted due to its not-for-profit service and lease holder arrangements at Windy Harbour. Notwithstanding the exemption, approvals and reporting mechanisms must satisfy the Department of Health. This includes providing a safe water service and provision of a drinking water quality management plan.

In accordance with the '*Shire of Manjimup Windy Harbour Drinking Water Quality Management Plan 2016*' (DWQMP), the Shire is committed to:

- Managing water quality at all points along the delivery chain from source water to the consumer;
- Using a risk-based approach for identifying and managing potential threats to water quality;
- Integrating the needs and expectations of our consumers, stakeholders, regulator and employees into any future planning;
- Establishing regular monitoring of the drinking water quality and effective reporting mechanisms to ensure relevant and timely information is provided which will promote confidence in the water supply and its management;
- Developing appropriate contingency planning and incident response capability;
- Continually improve our practices by assessing performance against corporate commitments and stakeholder expectations; and
- Ensuring that all products used, or contractors engaged in servicing the drinking water system are required to deliver on these management plan commitments.

The Shire of Manjimup has commenced a review of the DWQMP, which has been in place in its current form since 2016. This review is expected to be completed through the engagement of consultants in the 2024 calendar year.

The Shire of Manjimup is also committed to implementing the recommendations contained within Department of Water and Environmental Regulation's [Windy Harbour Water Reserve drinking water source protection assessment – WRP 180 \(www.wa.gov.au\)](http://www.wa.gov.au) that are within the Shire's area of responsibility.

A number of recommendations are being addressed as follows:

- ***Include the Windy Harbour Water Reserve as a special control area in its local planning scheme.*** This will be an inclusion in the Shire of Manjimup's Local Planning Strategy and Scheme which is not yet finalised.

In addition to the Windy Harbour Drinking Water Supply, a signed non-potable camp rainwater tank is situated at the Nature-Based Caravan Park, which is not monitored

through the DWQMP. The water in this tank is not intended for drinking and is treated with chlorine regularly and chlorine levels monitored. The Shire has placed signage at the tap clearly stating that it is not for drinking. Patrons at the camping ground can make use of the water for non-potable uses.

1.4 Catchment Details and System Information

The catchment for the Windy Harbour Drinking Water Supply groundwater supply is north-west of the settlement and extends approximately 5 kilometres inland from the coast and is 3 kilometres wide. The reserve set aside for the settlement is 190 hectares in area. The settlement and catchment are entirely contained within the D'entrecasteaux National Park.

Land use in the catchment is predominantly natural vegetation, other than the water production infrastructure itself. Given the catchment land use is almost entirely national park, the level of catchment protection is high and the potential for threats to water quality is low.

A limestone quarry partially falls within the western boundary of the Windy Harbour Water Reserve. The quarry has Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) approval which stipulates best management practices are applied by the quarry proprietor to protect water quality.

The water demand is highly seasonal and directly proportional to occupation of the individual leaseholders' properties (dwellings) and visitors staying at the nature-based Caravan Park.

The water scheme comprises of two bores and a Smartflow chlorinating disinfection system which uses sodium hypochlorite. The chlorination system is the only disinfection system within the drinking water system and is the single most important barrier in protecting consumers against waterborne pathogens. The infrastructure for the bore and the chlorinator is fenced and locked up in secure bore compounds.

The treated water is pumped approximately one-kilometre up hill to a secure tank compound. The water is then gravity fed on demand to the reticulated water supply servicing the settlement, including the kitchen, toilets and amenities servicing the nature-based caravan park.

Management of the drinking water quality includes monthly sampling at the nominated points as per the DWQMP for microbiological, chemical health and chemical aesthetic characteristics. Shire staff monitor chlorine, microbial, chemical and radiological properties as per the DWQMP.

The Windy Harbour water supply is monitored by the Shire's Environmental Health Officers and day to day maintenance and supervision of the disinfection system is

undertaken by the Shire's operational staff at Windy Harbour. Water is pumped daily during peak season and twice weekly or as required during low seasons.

Sampling and in house monitoring procedures are carried out in accordance with best industry practice and undertaken by Shire staff competent in aseptic technique. The sampling schedule includes 6 nominated sampling points including the source (bore), treated water tanks and throughout the reticulated distribution system allowing for the fair representation of the water supply in Windy Harbour. Water samples are analysed by approved NATA laboratories in Perth in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Health (DoH).

1.5 Water Quality Parameters

The Water Quality analysis undertaken is categorised into three main performance areas being microbiological, chemical - health related values and chemical – aesthetic related values. The results are assessed for compliance in accordance with the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines 2011 (ADWG) as amended.

Table 1: Water quality parameters adopted from the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines (ADWG).

Turbidity	Turbidity is the cloudy appearance of water caused by the presence of suspended matter.	The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines specify an aesthetic guideline of 5 NTU. If disinfection is required, the turbidity of less than 1 NTU is desirable at the point of disinfection.
Colour	Colour in water originates mainly from natural drainage through soil and vegetation in a catchment.	The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines value for colour is based on the colour that is noticeable in a glass. This is generally accepted as 15 HU.
Iron	Iron occurs naturally in water as a result of contact with soil or rock in the catchment. Iron in the water does not present a health hazard.	The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommend that based on aesthetic consideration, the concentration of iron should not exceed 0.3 mg/L.
Hydrogen Sulfide	Hydrogen sulfide is formed in drinking water by the hydrolysis of soluble sulfides, or through the reduction of sulfate by the action of microorganisms. Hydrogen sulfide has an obnoxious 'rotten egg' odour.	Based on aesthetic considerations, the concentration of hydrogen sulfide in drinking water should not exceed 0.05 mg/L. No health based guideline has been set.
Total dissolved solids	Total dissolved solids (TDS) consist of inorganic (natural) salts and small amounts of organic matter dissolved in water. Total dissolved solids comprise sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, chloride, sulphate, bicarbonate, carbonate, silicon, organic matter, fluoride, iron, manganese, nitrate and phosphate.	Treated water quality containing TDS levels of below 500 mg/L is classified as good.
Microbial Pathogens	Thermophilic <i>Naegleria</i> refers to a group of amoeba which includes <i>Naegleria fowleri</i> , the organism that causes the waterborne disease primary amoebic meningoencephalitis. <i>Naegleria fowleri</i> is an environmental pathogen which naturally lives in fresh warm water. The most common and widespread health risk associated with drinking water is contamination by microorganisms. Organisms associated with the gut of humans and mammals cause the usual waterborne diseases. Tests are undertaken for <i>Escherichia coli</i> (<i>E. coli</i>).	The Department of Health WA has notification protocols in place regarding <i>Naegleria</i> . The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines state that the thermotolerant coliform <i>E. coli</i> should not be present in a 100 mL sample.
pH	pH is a measure of how acidic/basic water is. The range goes from 0 – 14, with 7 being neutral. pH is the measure of free hydrogen ion concentrations in the water.	The suggested aesthetic pH target from the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines is 6.5 to 8.5.
(THMs)Trihalomethanes	Refers to the total sum of a group of chemicals predominantly, chloroform, bromodichloromethane and bromoform along with other disinfection by-products.	The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommended maximum value is 0.25 mg/L
Radiological Gross Alpha	Bq/LRefers to Becquerel per litre	The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommended maximum value is 0.5 Bq/L
Radiological Gross Beta	Bq/LRefers to Becquerel per litre	The Australian Drinking Water Guidelines recommended maximum value is 0.5 Bq/L

The ADWG are produced by the National Health and Medical Research Council (NHMRC) and are available from the NHMRC website at <http://nhmrc.gov.au/about-us/publications/australian-drinking-water-guidelines>

1.6 Units

The following is an explanation of the units presented in this report:

<u>Units:</u>	mg/L	Milligrams per Litre
	CFU/100mL	Colony Forming Units per 100 millilitres
	HU	Hazen Units (a unit of colour)
	NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units (a unit of turbidity)
	ug/L	Micrograms per Litre
	Bq/L	Becquerels per litre

1.7 Performance Summary

The Shire of Manjimup obtained 619 samples from the reticulation water supply between July 2023 and June 2024. All samples were assessed pursuant to the ADWG.

Results of any anomalies or exceedances with the recommended guideline values in microbiological or chemical parameters are forwarded to the WA Department of Health (DoH) as they occur. There was one (1) public complaint for the high turbidity and colour received concerning the quality of the water during this reporting period. The complaint was recorded in the local shire system and the complainant was contacted by phone and a follow-up email. The complainant was advised that ongoing monitoring of turbidity and colour will continue.

Radiological samples were last undertaken in June 2023 as per sampling schedule. The next sampling will be due in 2028.

Table 2: Summary of total samples during the 2023/24 reporting period

	No Assessed	No Within Guidelines	Variance
Microbial Quality			
<i>E. coli</i>	83	83	0
Thermophilic <i>Naegleria</i>	67	67	0
Chemical Quality			
Chemical – Health Related	260	259	1
Chemical – Aesthetic	209	175	34
Radiological Quality			
Gross Alpha (next test due 2028)	0	N/A	N/A
Gross Beta (next test due 2028)	0	N/A	N/A

2.0 Microbial Performance

2.1 Microbial – Exception Notifications

The Shire of Manjimup collected 150 samples at nominated points in accordance with the DWQMP. There were no detections or reportable exceptions of either *E. coli* or Thermophilic *Naegleria* species during the reporting period.

2.2 Microbiological – Compliance

Table 3: Summary of microbiological samples obtained during 2023/24

No. of Bacteria Samples	<i>E. coli</i>		No. of Amoeba Samples	Thermophilic <i>Naegleria</i>	
	Non Comply	% Comply		Non Comply	% Comply
83	0	100	67	0	100

2.3 Microbiological - Performance

Microbiological results from the nominated sampling points were compliant pursuant to the ADWG Guidelines for the 2023/24 reporting period.

2.4 Microbial Incident Specific Information

There were no recorded microbial non-conforming results for *E. coli*, Thermotolerant Coliforms or Thermophilic *Naegleria* at the nominated sample points during 2023/24. There have also been no significant or reportable microbiological incidents in this reporting period.

In the Windy Harbour drinking water system, free chlorine residuals provide the sole barrier to pathogens that may enter the system which reinforces the importance of microbiological sampling for Windy Harbour's drinking water supply. The Shire can report that all *E.coli* samples collected during this period were compliant with the ADWG.

Furthermore, the control of free chlorine residuals throughout the distribution system is maintained by Shire staff via routine monitoring and adjustment of chlorine dosing rates as required. Staff also carried out additional flushing of the system during this period. The flushing regime draws chlorinated water through the system displacing stagnant water which can be an issue when there are low occupancy levels within the settlement, particularly during the winter months.

3.0 Chemical – Health Related Performance

3.1 Chemical – Exception Notifications

There was one (1) exception notifications (Level 2) submitted to the DoH during the reporting period as follows:

- Trihalomethanes (THM's) exceeded the recommended guideline value on one (1) occasion at 0.27 mg/L. The THM exceedance occurred in November 2023, however there were two occasions when the THM value was on the threshold of 0.25 mg/L. These two occurrences were in January 2024, March 2024 respectively. THMs are disinfection by-products and are indicative of the natural organic matter in the water prior to disinfection. The Shire continues to monitor individual and trending results via its monthly sampling program.
- Nickel did not exceed the recommended value following the previous year's exceedance. The presence of nickel is a consequence of dissolution from ore bearing rocks in ground water. No further investigation was required for this reporting period.

3.2 Chemical - Health – Compliance

There are many chemical parameters that have a health-related guideline value pursuant to the ADWG as shown in Table 4 including the forementioned exceedances.

Figure 1 shows THM values for monthly samples obtained during the reporting period.

Figure 1: Total Trihalomethane (THM) values for monthly samples obtained during 2023/24 (mg/L)

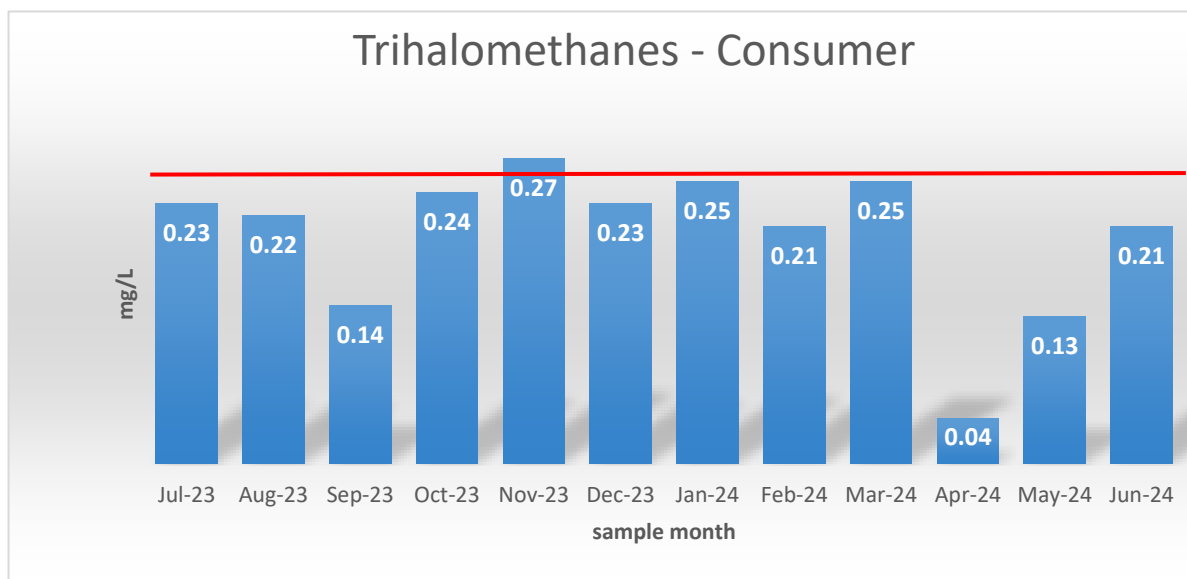


Table 4: Summary of health related values for monthly and annual samples relative to chemical parameter

Category	Chemical	Unit	Health Guideline Value	Max Value of Samples	No Assessed	No Within Guidelines	Compliance
Inorganic Chemicals Disinfection Agents	Chlorine (Free)	mg/L	5	0.5	60	60	100%
Organic Chemicals Disinfection Byproducts	Bromodichloromethane	mg/L		0.096	1	1	100%
	Bromoform	mg/L		0.0052	1	1	100%
	Chloroacetic Acid	mg/L	0.15	<0.05	12	12	100%
	Chloroform	mg/L		0.13	1	1	100%
	2-Chlorophenol	mg/L	0.3	0.01	12	12	100%
	Dibromochloromethane	mg/L		0.043	1	1	100%
	Dichloroacetic Acid	mg/L	0.1	0.054	12	12	100%
	2,4-dichlorophenol	mg/L	0.2	0.02	12	12	100%
	Trichloroacetaldehyde (Chloral Hydrate)	mg/L	0.1	0.063	12	12	100%
	Trichloroacetic Acid	mg/L	0.1	0.02	12	12	100%
	2,4,6-trichlorophenol	mg/L	0.02	0.01	12	12	100%
	Trihalomethanes	mg/L	0.25	0.27	12	11	92%
Other Inorganic Chemicals	Arsenic - Total	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	1	1	100%
	Barium - Total	mg/L	2	0.034	1	1	100%
	Boron - Total	mg/L	4	0.061	1	1	100%
	Cadmium - Total	mg/L	0.002	<0.001	1	1	100%
	Cyanide - Total	mg/L	0.080	<0.0040	1	1	100%
	Fluoride	mg/L	1.5	0.11	1	1	100%
	Hexavalent Chromium	mg/L	0.050	<0.0050	1	1	100%
	Lead - Total	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	1	1	100%
	Manganese - Total	mg/L	0.5	0.073	1	1	100%
	Mercury - Total	mg/L	0.001	<0.0005	1	1	100%
	Molybdenum - Total	mg/L	0.05	<0.001	1	1	100%
	Nickel - Total	mg/L	0.02	<0.01	1	1	100%
	Selenium - Total	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	1	1	100%
Organic Compounds: industrial hydrocarbons (other than disinfection by-products)	Benzene	mg/L	0.001	<0.0005	1	1	100%
Inorganic - Nutrients	Nitrate as N	mg/L		<0.10	1	1	100%
	Nitrate as NO3 by calc	mg/L	50	<0.50	1	1	100%
	Nitrite as N	mg/L		<0.10	1	1	100%
	Nitrite as NO2 by calc	mg/L	3	<0.50	1	1	100%
Banned Pesticides	Aldrin - Dieldrin	mg/L	0.0003	<0.000052	1	1	100%
	Chlordane	mg/L	0.002	<0.00001	1	1	100%
	DDT	mg/L	0.009	<0.00006	1	1	100%
	Gamma -BHC	mg/L	0.01	<0.00005	1	1	100%
	Hexachlorobenzene	mg/L	0.001	<0.00005	1	1	100%
Pesticides (Other)	Amitrole	mg/L	0.009	<0.0009	1	1	100%
	Atrazine	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	1	1	100%
	Chlorfenvinphos	mg/L	0.002	<0.0005	1	1	100%
	Clopyralid	mg/L	2	<0.001	1	1	100%
	2, 4-D	mg/L	0.03	<0.0001	1	1	100%
	Diquat	mg/L	0.007	<0.0001	1	1	100%
	Diuron	mg/L	0.02	<0.0005	1	1	100%
	Endosulfan	mg/L	0.02	<0.0005	1	1	100%
	Glyphosate	mg/L	1	<0.01	1	1	100%
	Heptachlor	mg/L	0.0003	<0.00005	1	1	100%
	Hexazinone	mg/L	0.3	<0.002	1	1	100%
	MCPA	mg/L	0.04	<0.0005	1	1	100%

	Paraquat	mg/L	0.02	<0.0001	1	1	100%
	Picloram	mg/L	0.3	<0.001	1	1	100%
	Propiconazole A	mg/L	0.1	<0.0001	1	1	100%
	Simazine	mg/L	0.02	<0.0001	1	1	100%
	Temephos	mg/L	0.4	<0.005	1	1	100%
	Triclopyr	mg/L	0.02	<0.001	1	1	100%

4.0 Chemical – Aesthetic Related Performance

4.1 Chemical – Aesthetic - Results

Table 5 summarises the results for the aesthetic characteristics during the reporting period. Whilst exceedances of aesthetic guidelines can affect consumer experience, it is important to note that exceedances do not pose a health risk to consumers.

Table 5: Summary of aesthetic values for monthly and annual samples (chemical) obtained during 2023/24

Category	Characteristic	Unit	Aesthetic Guideline Value	Maximum Value of Samples	No. Assessed	No. Within Guidelines	Compliance
Physical Parameters	Hardness	mg/L	200	160	1	1	100%
	pH	pH	6.5-8.5	7.80	72	72	100%
	Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	500	530	12	8	67%
	True Colour	HU	15	73	12	2	17%
	Turbidity (source)	NTU	5	19	12	11	92%
	Turbidity (distribution)	NTU	5	10	12	11	92%
Inorganic chemicals, disinfection agents and inorganic by-products of disinfection	Chlorine (Free)	mg/L	0.6	0.5	60	60	100%
Organic chemicals disinfection by-products	2-Chlorophenol	mg/L	0.3	0.01	12	12	100%
	2,4-dichlorophenol	mg/L	0.2	0.02	12	12	100%
	2,4,6-trichlorophenol	mg/L	0.1	0.01	12	12	100%
Other inorganic Chemicals	Aluminium	mg/L	0.2	0.016	2	2	100%
	Ammonia (as NH ₄)	mg/L	0.5	<0.005	1	1	100%
	Chloride	mg/L	250	170	1	1	100%
	Hydrogen Sulfide	mg/L	0.05	<0.001	1	1	100%
	Iron	mg/L	0.3	2.5	12	0	0%
	Manganese	mg/L	0.5	0.013	1	1	100%
	Sodium	mg/L	180	89	1	1	100%
Sulfate	mg/L	250	3.0	1	1	100%	

4.2 Chemical - Aesthetic – Incident Specific Information

Analysis of water samples obtained from the distribution and consumer sample points showed aesthetic values not being compliant with guidelines for thirty-four (34) samples of the 209 in total.

Raw water extracted from the bore(s) at Windy Harbour is typically characterised by naturally elevated levels of both total dissolved solids (TDS) (>500 mg/L) and iron (> 0.3 mg/L), and there is no pre-treatment process (filtration) in place to minimise these characteristics prior to chlorination.

Chlorine levels fell below it during the reporting period at certain distribution points. This will be actioned by flushing out the lines via the existing fire hydrants that intersperse the settlement and ongoing sampling. This value is based on a taste threshold and there have been no public complaints received regarding chlorine aftertaste or odour from chloramines in the water. As stated previously the complaint received was pertaining to discolouration of the water. It is important to note that adequate disinfection is paramount for the provision of safe drinking water and free chlorine levels must be maintained.

Iron levels exceeded the maximum aesthetic guideline value on all twelve (12) sample occasions. This guideline value is based on a taste threshold and whilst there has been one complaint noted, iron cannot be solely blamed for the discolouration of the water. The Shire's Health Team will continue to monitor iron levels in the future.

True colour exceeded the maximum aesthetic guideline value on ten (10) occasions of the 12 samples taken. The exceedances were every month with the exception of January and March 2024. True colour represents the colour that remains after any suspended particles have been removed and can influence the appearance of water. Although it is not necessarily harmful to human health, the water will not be as appealing to consumers and is the source of the single forementioned complaint made to the Shire.

Turbidity exceeded the guideline value on one (1) occasion at the source and one (1) occasion in the distribution network. High turbidity values were not unexpected with exceedances recorded for true colour, iron and TDS. Monthly sampling undertaken in May 2024 revealed that turbidity levels exceeded the maximum aesthetic guideline value at the distribution sample point. The samples are obtained at the source (bore) and in the distribution system. This is not unexpected with this system having no pre-treatment process (filtration) system. Water passing through a distribution system can sometimes lead to an increase in turbidity, generally as a result of the resuspension of fine sediments settled over a long period of time, or from the breakdown of pipe materials or biofilms lining the walls of the pipes. The associated health risk is generally minimal however some biofilms can harbour pathogens (ADWG 2011). High turbidity levels can also reduce the effectiveness of treatment processes such as chlorination.

5.0 Radiological Performance

Radiological performance sampling was undertaken in June 2023 and as per sampling protocol every 5 years. The results were compliant, the next radiological sampling is to be undertaken in June 2028.

Table 6: Summary of Radiological testing from 2023 water sampling results

Characteristic	Unit	ADWG Radiological Screening Value	Maximum Value of Samples	No Assessed	No Within Guidelines	Compliance
Gross Alpha	Bq/L	0.5	0.104	1	1	100%
Gross Beta	Bq/L	0.5	0.111	1	1	100%

6.0 Summary

This Annual Report describes the Windy Harbour drinking water quality performance for the period July 2023 to June 2024. Sampling and in house monitoring procedures are carried out in accordance with best industry practice and undertaken by Shire staff competent in aseptic technique.

The sampling program comprises of 6 compliance monitoring points which includes the source water (bore), treated water tanks and various locations at the extremities of the distribution system, allowing for the fair representation of the water supply in Windy Harbour. Water samples in the sampling schedule are analysed by approved NATA laboratories in Perth in accordance with the requirements of the DoH.

The report demonstrates that all samples obtained for microbiological analysis were within the parameters determined by the ADWG.

The samples acquired for chemical and physical characteristics were predominantly compliant, with the exception of the aesthetic physical characteristics such as turbidity, true colour, iron and TDS.

The forementioned physical characteristics are best managed through filtration and reverse osmosis technology. It can be inferred the current water source using the two existing bores will generally be high in these parameters. The Shire intends to explore costings for filtration and reverse osmosis as soon as practicable.

The existing water supply infrastructure in the D'Entrecasteaux National Park, managed and owned by the Shire cannot be improved with additional infrastructure at present. A management order and excision on the forementioned land parcels must be granted to the Shire for this to happen and is expected to take place in 2025. Following the management order definitive costing for infrastructure to improve water supply can be sought by the Shire.

The Shire's Environmental Health Officers will continue to monitor chemical analysis results going forward. The Shire of Manjimup is also committed to being transparent on its performance by providing the public with accurate and representative information in this report. This report aims to demonstrate to Windy Harbour residents, visitors, guests and visitors alike, the ongoing commitment to the sustainable production and supply of high-quality drinking water at Windy Harbour.

Any further enquiries or information regarding this report or any other matter pertaining to the Windy Harbour Drinking Water Supply can be obtained by emailing the Shire's Environmental Health Services Team at info@manjimup.wa.gov.au or by telephoning (08) 9771 7777.